

1417

The Great SCHISM

The dispute between allegiances to the claimants of the papacy, URBAN VI (died 1389) and Clement VII (died 1394) divided the church along lines of political and international rivalries for the Italian nations and France supported Clement while the German & English rulers supported URBAN. The Great Schism ended in 1417 with the election of

Pope Martin V.

1417-1431

207th Pope

Martin V

Rome. Was elected by the Council of Constance, Germany (1414-1418) (16th Council). The SCISM ceased.

1417
1408-1418

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Council in Constance
on the border between Austria
and Germany - attempted to
deal with the schism, finally
finding success when a single
pope was elected in 1417 to take
up residence in Rome
Cardinal Pierre d'Ally d'Ally
(c 1350-1420) tried to interest
one of the "antipopes" John XXIII

in reforming the calendar

1417

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The papacy was restored to
Rome with a single pontiff.

1417-1419

Admiral Zheng He's 5th Voyage
Zheng's treasure fleet visited
the Arabian Peninsula and
for the first time, Africa.

In Aden the sultan presented
exotic gifts such as zebras
lions and ostriches.

1417

Martin V elected pope at Constance;
Councils to be held at intervals.
END OF GREAT SCHISM.

(5)
Henry ~~V~~ Again invades Normandy.

NOV 1417

MARTIN V agreed to all enactments of the Council of Constance - except, theologians argue, the Council's extreme claim to supremacy - and signed concordats embodying these reforms with Germany, England, and the Latin Countries. John HUSS and JEROME OF PRAGUE were tried and burned at the stake for heresy. St Bridget of Sweden was canonized. The conciliarists John Gerson and

Préface d'Ally were among the figures
prominent at the Council. Theologians tend to
regard as ecumenical in character only those
sessions of the Council meeting after the
convocation by Gregory XII, or the sessions
following the election of Martin V.